

[Intervention] for [health problem]**Characteristics of studies****Characteristics of included studies****Dawe 2005**

Methods	Study design: Randomized controlled trial Study grouping: Parallel group Open Label: Cluster RCT:
Participants	Baseline Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: ● PASI Score (0-72) median (IQR): ● Female %: Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: ● PASI Score (0-72) median (IQR): ● Female %: Included criteria: Excluded criteria: Pretreatment:
Interventions	Intervention Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Description: ● Length of treatment: ● Follow-up: Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Description: ● Length of treatment: ● Follow-up:
Outcomes	SEI <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "12 weeks"] ● Reporting: Fully reported ● Scale: SEI ● Range: 0-12 ● Direction: Lower is better ● Data value: Change from baseline ● Notes: Det er differencies for mean changes in SEI
Identification	Sponsorship source: Country: UK Setting: Comments: Authors name:

	Institution: Email: r.s.dawe@dundee.ac.uk Address:
Notes	<p><i>Birgitte Holm Petersen</i> on 13/08/2015 17:29 Select Til PICO 4</p> <p><i>Birgitte Holm Petersen</i> on 04/09/2015 21:52 Study Design Højre/venstre sammenligning</p> <p><i>Birgitte Holm Petersen</i> on 04/09/2015 22:16 Baseline Characteristics ingen baseline data</p> <p><i>Birgitte Holm Petersen</i> on 04/09/2015 22:37 Continuous Outcomes numerisk data ej opgivet. Aflæst på graf. Kan ikke finde supplement, hvor der muligvis er data) Ingen signifikant forskel på grupperne. Follow-up 1 year. Ingen forskel på højre/ venstre.</p>

Risk of bias table

Bias	Authors' judgement	Support for judgement
Blinding of participants and personnel klinisk effekt	Low risk	

Eysteinsdottir 2014

Methods	Study design: Randomized controlled trial Study grouping: Parallel group Open Label: YES Cluster RCT:
Participants	Baseline Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: 41 ● PASI Score (0-72) mean (IQR): 12.3 ● Female %: 45 Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: 41 ● PASI Score (0-72) mean (IQR): 12.3 ● Female %: 45 Intervention 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: 41 ● PASI Score (0-72) mean (IQR): 12.3 ● Female %: 45

	<p>Included criteria: (a) diagnosis of chronic plaque psoriasis; (b) Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score (20) of 7 or higher; and (c) being unresponsive to topical treatment and being a candidate for phototherapy or systemic treatment.</p> <p>Excluded criteria: Patients with other forms of psoriasis (e.g. guttate, pustular or erythrodermic) or skin diseases that could interfere with study evaluations were excluded.</p> <p>Pretreatment: Intervention 2 had a significant higher DLQI score at baseline compared to the other groups</p>
<p>Interventions</p>	<p>Intervention Characteristics</p> <p>Intervention</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>Description:</i> Bathing in geothermal seawater for 1h and NB-UVB therapy immediately afterwards three times a week ● <i>Length of treatment:</i> 6 weeks (follow by nUBV in 4 weeks for 6/22 patient) ● <i>Follow-up:</i> 1,2,4,6,10 weeks <p>Control</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>Description:</i> UVB 6 weeks ● <i>Length of treatment:</i> 6 weeks (10 weeks for 16/24 patient) ● <i>Follow-up:</i> 1,2,4,6,10 weeks <p>Intervention 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>Description:</i> bathing in geothermal seawater for 1h two times a day and NB-UVB therapy once daily immediately after the first bath six times/week for 2 weeks follow by 4 weeks of nUBV ● <i>Length of treatment:</i> 6 weeks (follow by nUBV in 4 weeks for 6/22 patient) ● <i>Follow-up:</i> 1,2,4,6,10 weeks
<p>Outcomes</p>	<p><i>PASI-75</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: Dichotomous Outcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "4-6 weeks", "10 weeks"] ● Reporting: Fully reported ● Direction: Higher is better ● Data value: Change from baseline ● Notes: week 6 <p><i>PASI-90</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: Dichotomous Outcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "4-6 weeks", "10 weeks"] ● Reporting: Fully reported ● Direction: Higher is better ● Data value: Change from baseline ● Notes: Week 10 <p><i>DLQI <2 end of treatment</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: Dichotomous Outcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "4-6 weeks", "10 weeks"] ● Direction: Higher is better ● Data value: Change from baseline <p><i>Skincancer (end of treatment)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: Dichotomous Outcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "4-6 weeks", "10 weeks"] ● Reporting: Not reported

	<p><i>PASI reduktion minimum 12 uger efter end behandling</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: DichotomousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "4-6 weeks", "10 weeks"] ● Reporting: Not reported ● Direction: Higher is better ● Data value: Change from baseline
Identification	<p>Sponsorship source: The Blue Lagoon Ltd and Icelandic Technology Development Fund and the Landspítali University Hospital Research Fund</p> <p>Country: Iceland</p> <p>Setting:</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Authors name: Jenna Huld Eysteinsdóttir</p> <p>Institution: Faculty of Medicine, University of Iceland, Reykjavík, Iceland</p> <p>Email: jennahuld@gmail.com</p> <p>Address: Department of Dermatology, Sahlgrenska University Hospital, Gröna Stråket 16, Göteborg 413 45, Sweden.</p>
Notes	<p><i>Birgitte Holm Petersen on 13/08/2015 17:43</i></p> <p>Select</p> <p>Til PICO 4</p> <p><i>Birgitte Holm Petersen on 28/08/2015 23:26</i></p> <p>Continuous Outcomes</p> <p>Skriver ikke hvad deres +/- værdier er, men i baseline tabel bruges mean +/-SD, så går ud fra at dette bruges hele vejen igennem</p> <p><i>Jakob Torp Madsen on 09/09/2015 18:51</i></p> <p>Adverse Outcomes</p> <p>1 polymorphic light eruption and then excluded</p>

Risk of bias table

Bias	Authors' judgement	Support for judgement
Blinding of participants and personnel All outcomes	Unclear risk	
Blinding of participants and personnel Klinisk effekt	High risk	Judgement Comment: Umuligt at blinde forsøgsdeltagere
Incomplete outcome data Livskvalitet	Unclear risk	
Incomplete outcome data Klinisk effekt	Low risk	
Blinding of outcome assessors Klinisk effekt	Unclear risk	Judgement Comment: Ikke klart om lægen er blindet.

Klein 2011

Methods	Study design: Randomized controlled trial Study grouping: Parallel group Open Label: Cluster RCT:
Participants	Baseline Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: 45 ● PASI Score (0-72) median (IQR): 15.1 ● Female %: 44 Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: 45 ● PASI Score (0-72) median (IQR): 15.1 ● Female %: 44 Included criteria: Excluded criteria: Pretreatment:
Interventions	Intervention Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Description: ● Length of treatment: ● Follow-up: Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Description: ● Length of treatment: ● Follow-up:
Outcomes	SEI <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "12 weeks/End of treatment ", "1 month follow up ", "6 month follow up"] PASI (MEDIAN VALUE) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "12 weeks/End of treatment ", "1 month follow up ", "6 month follow up"] ● Reporting: Fully reported ● Scale: PASI ● Range: 0-72 ● Direction: Lower is better ● Data value: Change from baseline
Identification	Sponsorship source: Country: Setting: Comments: Authors name: Institution: Department of Dermatology, University Hospital Regensburg,

	Regensburg, and †Department of Dermatology, Klinikum München-Schwabing, Munich, Germany Email: annette.klein@klinik.uni-regensburg.de Address:
Notes	<i>Birgitte Holm Petersen</i> on 13/08/2015 18:54 Select Til PICO 4 <i>Jakob Torp Madsen</i> on 09/09/2015 22:30 Continuous Outcomes Kan ikke finde standard deviationer.

Risk of bias table

Bias	Authors' judgement	Support for judgement
Blinding of participants and personnel All outcomes	High risk	

Leaute Labreze 2001

Methods	Study design: Randomized controlled trial Study grouping: Parallel group Open Label: Cluster RCT:
Participants	Baseline Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: 48.5 ● PASI Score (0-72) median (IQR): 15.7 ● Female %: Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: 48.5 ● PASI Score (0-72) median (IQR): 15.7 ● Female %: Included criteria: Excluded criteria: Pretreatment:
Interventions	Intervention Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Description: ● Length of treatment: ● Follow-up: Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Description: ● Length of treatment: ● Follow-up:

Outcomes	<p><i>SEI</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "12 weeks", "21 days/end of treatment ", "1 year follow up "] <p><i>Gruppens samlede ændringer i PASI i %</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "12 weeks", "21 days/end of treatment ", "1 year follow up "] ● Scale: % ● Range: -100-0% ● Direction: Higher is better ● Data value: Change from baseline <p><i>Quality of life index</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "12 weeks", "21 days/end of treatment ", "1 year follow up "] ● Scale: 0-10 ● Range: -100-100% ● Data value: Change from baseline ● Notes: change in quality-of-life index determined on a 10-cm analog scale, KAn ikke finde oplysninger på hvad den er og kan ikke finde den relevante reference.
Identification	<p>Sponsorship source:</p> <p>Country: France</p> <p>Setting:</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Authors name:</p> <p>Institution:</p> <p>Email:</p> <p>Address:</p>
Notes	<p><i>Birgitte Holm Petersen on 13/08/2015 18:58</i></p> <p>Select</p> <p>PICO 4</p> <p><i>Jakob Torp Madsen on 09/09/2015 20:04</i></p> <p>Baseline Characteristics</p> <p>Kønratioen er kun bestemt for hele gruppen ved baseline, men kan ikke ekstraheres til de enkelte grupper</p>

Risk of bias table

Bias	Authors' judgement	Support for judgement
Blinding of participants and personnel All outcomes	High risk	
Sequence Generation		

Incomplete outcome data All outcomes	High risk	
Other sources of bias	Low risk	
Selective outcome reporting	Low risk	
Allocation concealment	Unclear risk	
Blinding of outcome assessors All outcomes	Unclear risk	

Olafsson 1996

Methods	Study design: Study grouping: Parallel group Open Label: YES Cluster RCT:
Participants	Baseline Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: ● PASI Score (0-72) median (IQR): ● Female %: 43 Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Age: ● PASI Score (0-72) median (IQR): ● Female %: 43 Included criteria: Excluded criteria: Pretreatment:
Interventions	Intervention Characteristics Intervention <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Description: ● Length of treatment: 4 weeks ● Follow-up: Control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Description: ● Length of treatment: 4 weeks ● Follow-up:
Outcomes	SEI <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "12 weeks"] PASI <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "12 weeks"] ● Reporting: Fully reported ● Scale: PASI ● Range: 0-72 ● Direction: Lower is better

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Data value: Change from baseline <p><i>PASI</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: ContinuousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline", "4 weeks /end of treatment "] ● Reporting: Fully reported ● Scale: PASI ● Range: 0-72 ● Direction: Lower is better ● Data value: Change from baseline <p><i>PASI75 reduktion</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Outcome type: DichotomousOutcome ● Measure names: ["Baseline"] ● Scale: % PASI reduktion ● Range: 100-0 ● Direction: Higher is better ● Data value: Endpoint
Identification	<p>Sponsorship source:</p> <p>Country:</p> <p>Setting:</p> <p>Comments:</p> <p>Authors name:</p> <p>Institution:</p> <p>Email:</p> <p>Address:</p>
Notes	<p><i>Birgitte Holm Petersen on 13/08/2015 19:07</i></p> <p>Select</p> <p>PICO 4</p>

Risk of bias table

Bias	Authors' judgement	Support for judgement
Sequence Generation	High risk	Judgement Comment: ej randomiseret
Incomplete outcome data All outcomes	High risk	Judgement Comment: ej beregnet SD, Se eller 95% Ci interval på PASI

Footnotes

Characteristics of excluded studies

Avrach 1974

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Baros 2014

Reason for exclusion	Wrong comparator
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Ben Amitai 2009

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Boer 1996

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Boreham 1995

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Borroni 2013

Reason for exclusion	Wrong intervention
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Brockow 2007

Reason for exclusion	Wrong comparator
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Brockow 2007a

Reason for exclusion	Wrong comparator
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Cattaneo 2012

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Cohen 2005

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Even Paz 1996

Reason for exclusion	Wrong comparator
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GalvezGalve 2012

Reason for exclusion	Wrong intervention
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Gambichler 2000

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Gambichler 2001

Reason for exclusion	Wrong intervention
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Gambichler 2006

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Halevy 1997

Reason for exclusion	Wrong intervention
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Harari 2007

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Mork 2004

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Morri 2012

Reason for exclusion	Wrong comparator
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Olafsson 1994

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Olafsson 1996a

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Ozcelik 2000

Reason for exclusion	Wrong intervention
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Peroni 2008

Reason for exclusion	Wrong comparator
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Pinton 1995

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Schewach Millet 1989

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Schiener 2006

Reason for exclusion	Wrong intervention
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Schiener 2007

Reason for exclusion	Wrong comparator
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Schiffner 2000

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Snellman 1992

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Snellman 1993

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Snellman 1993a

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Snellman 1998

Reason for exclusion	Wrong outcomes
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Sukenik 1997

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Trueb 2009

Reason for exclusion	Wrong study design
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Ubogui 1998

Reason for exclusion	Wrong intervention
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Verdolini 2005

Reason for exclusion	Wrong intervention
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Footnotes

Characteristics of studies awaiting classification

Footnotes

Characteristics of ongoing studies

Footnotes

Summary of findings tables

Additional tables

References to studies

Included studies

Dawe 2005

Dawe,R. S.; Yule,S.; Cameron,H.; Moseley,H.; Ibbotson,S. H.; Ferguson,J.. A randomized controlled comparison of the efficacy of Dead Sea salt balneophototherapy vs. narrowband ultraviolet B monotherapy for chronic plaque psoriasis.. *British Journal of Dermatology* 2005;153(3):613-619. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2133.2005.06663.x>]

Eysteinsdottir 2014

Eysteinsdottir,J. H.; Olafsson,J. H.; Agnarsson,B. A.; Ludviksson,B. R.; Sigurgeirsson,B.. Psoriasis treatment: Faster and long-standing results after bathing in geothermal seawater. A randomized trial of three UVB phototherapy regimens.. *Photodermatology Photoimmunology and Photomedicine* 2014;30(1):25-34. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/phpp.12090>]

Klein 2011

Klein,A.; Schiffner,R.; Schiffner-Rohe,J.; Einsele-Kramer,B.; Heinlin,J.; Stolz,W.; Landthaler,M.. A randomized clinical trial in psoriasis: Synchronous balneophototherapy with bathing in Dead Sea salt solution plus narrowband UVB vs. narrowband UVB alone (TOMESA-study group).. *Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology* 2011;25(5):570-578. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-3083.2010.03840.x>]

Leaute Labreze 2001

Leaute-Labreze,C.; Saillour,F.; Chene,G.; Cazenave,C.; Luxey-Bellocq,M. -L; Sanciaume,C.; Toussaint,J. F.; Taieb,A.. Saline spa water or combined water and UV-B for psoriasis vs conventional UV-B: Lessons from the Salies de Bearn randomized study.. *Archives of Dermatology* 2001;137(8):1035-1039. [DOI:]

Olafsson 1996

Olafsson,J. H.; Sigurgeirsson,B.; Palsdottir,R.. Psoriasis treatment: Bathing in a thermal lagoon combined with UVB, versus UVB treatment only.. *Acta Dermato-Venereologica* 1996;76(3):228-230. [DOI:]

Excluded studies

Avrach 1974

Avrach,W. W.; Niordsen,A. M.. Treatment of psoriasis at the Dead Sea (Danish).. *Ugeskrift for laeger* 1974;136(48):2687-2690. [DOI:]

Baros 2014

Baros DN; Gajanin VS; Gajanin RB; Zrnica B. Comparative analysis of success of psoriasis treatment with standard therapeutic modalities and balneotherapy.. *Medicinski pregled* 2014;67(5-6):154-160. [DOI:]

Ben Amitai 2009

Ben-Amitai D; David M. Climatotherapy at the dead sea for pediatric-onset psoriasis vulgaris.. *Pediatric dermatology* 2009;26(1):103-104. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1525-1470.2008.00837.x>]

Boer 1996

Boer, J.. The influence of mineral water solutions in phototherapy. *Clinics in dermatology* 1996;14(6):665-673. [DOI:]

Boreham 1995

Boreham, D. R.; Gasmann, H. C.; Mitchell, R. E. J.. Water bath hyperthermia is a simple therapy for psoriasis and also stimulates skin tanning in response to sunlight.. *International Journal of Hyperthermia* 1995;11(6):745-754. [DOI:]

Borroni 2013

Borroni, G.; Brazzelli, V.; Fornara, L.; Rosso, R.; Paulli, M.; Tinelli, C.; Ciocca, O.. Clinical, pathological and immunohistochemical effects of arsenical-ferruginous spa waters on mild-to-moderate psoriatic lesions: A randomized placebo-controlled study.. *International Journal of Immunopathology and Pharmacology* 2013;26(2):495-501. [DOI:]

Brockow 2007

Brockow, T.; Schiener, R.; Franke, A.; Resch, K. L.; Peter, R. U.. A pragmatic randomized controlled trial on the effectiveness of low concentrated saline spa water baths followed by ultraviolet B (UVB) compared to UVB only in moderate to severe psoriasis.. *Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology* 2007;21(8):1027-1037. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-3083.2007.02152.x>]

Brockow 2007a

Brockow, T.; Schiener, R.; Franke, A.; Resch, K. L.; Peter, R. U.. A pragmatic randomized controlled trial on the effectiveness of highly concentrated saline spa water baths followed by UVB compared to UVB only in moderate to severe psoriasis. 2007;13(7):725-732. [DOI: 10.1089/acm.2007.7099]

Cattaneo 2012

Cattaneo, A.; Alberti Violetti, S.; Tavecchio, S.; Bruni, E.; Carrera, C.; Crosti, C.. Tomesal balneophototherapy in mild to severe psoriasis: A retrospective clinical trial in 174 patients.. *Photodermatology Photoimmunology and Photomedicine* 2012;28(3):169-171. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1600-0781.2012.00659.x>]

Cohen 2005

Cohen AD; Van-Dijk D; Naggan L; Vardy DA. Effectiveness of climatotherapy at the Dead Sea for psoriasis vulgaris: A community-oriented study introducing the 'Beer Sheva Psoriasis Severity Score'.. *Journal of Dermatological Treatment* 2005;16(5-6):308-313. [DOI:]

Even Paz 1996

Even-Paz, Z.; Gumon, R.; Kipnis, V.; Abels, D. J.; Efron, D.. Dead Sea sun versus Dead Sea water in the treatment of psoriasis.. *Journal of Dermatological Treatment* 1996;7(2):83-86. [DOI:]

GalvezGalve 2012

Galvez Galve, J. J.; Peiro, P. S.; Lucas, M. O.; Torres, A. H.; Gil, E. S.; Perez, M. B.. Quality of life and assessment after local application of sulphurous water in the home environment in patients with psoriasis vulgaris: A randomised placebo-controlled pilot study. *European Journal of Integrative Medicine* 2012;4(2): e213-e218. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.eujim.2012.01.001>]

Gambichler 2000

Gambichler, T.; Kuster, W.; Kreuter, A.; Altmeyer, P.; Hoffmann, K.. Balneophototherapy - Combined treatment of psoriasis vulgaris and atopic dermatitis with salt water baths and artificial ultraviolet radiation [4].. *Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology* 2000;14(5):425-428. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1046/j.1468-3083.2000.00102-4.x>]

Gambichler 2001

Gambichler, T.; Rapp, S.; Senger, E.; Altmeyer, P.; Hoffmann, K.. Balneophototherapy of psoriasis: Highly concentrated salt water versus tap water - A randomized, one-blind, right/left comparative study.. *Photodermatology Photoimmunology and Photomedicine* 2001;17(1):22-25. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1034/j.1600-0781.2001.017001022.x>]

Gambichler 2006

Gambichler, T.; Tomi, N. S.; Kreuter, A.. Controlled clinical trials on balneophototherapy in psoriasis [18].. *British Journal of Dermatology* 2006;154(4):802-803. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2133.2006.07176.x>]

Halevy 1997

Halevy, S.; Giryas, H.; Friger, M.; Sukenik, S.. Dead sea bath salt for the treatment of psoriasis vulgaris: A double-blind controlled study.. *Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology* 1997;9(3): 237-242. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0926-9959%2897%2900133-5>]

Harari 2007

Harari M; Novack L; Barth J; David M; Friger M; Moses SW. The percentage of patients achieving PASI 75 after 1 month and remission time after climatotherapy at the Dead Sea.. *International journal of dermatology* 2007;46 (10):1087-1091. [DOI:]

Mork 2004

Mork C; Ozek M; Wahl AK. [Psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis--is climate therapy a treatment or a leisure activity?]. *Tidsskrift for den Norske laegeforening* 2004;124(1):60-62. [DOI:]

Morri 2012

Morri, M.; Norat, M.; Canzi, P.; Viti, S.; Mascherpa, M. A.; Angeli, P.; Angeli, F.; Romani, G.. Balneotherapy and narrow-band phototherapy in the treatment of psoriasis: A comparative study.. *Gazzetta Medica Italiana Archivio per le Scienze Mediche* 2012;171(6):739-748. [DOI:]

Olafsson 1994

Olafsson, J. H.; Sigurgeirsson, B.; Palsdottir, R.. The effect bathing in a thermal lagoon in Iceland has on psoriasis. A preliminary study.. *Journal of the European Academy of Dermatology and Venereology* 1994;3(4): 460-464. [DOI:]

Olafsson 1996a

Olafsson, J. H.. The Blue Lagoon in Iceland and psoriasis. *Clinics in dermatology* 1996;14(6):647-651. [DOI:]

Ozcelik 2000

Ozcelik S; Polat HH; Akyol M; Yalcin AN; Ozcelik D; Marufihah M. Kangal hot spring with fish and psoriasis treatment.. *Journal of Dermatology* 2000;27(6):386-390. [DOI:]

Peroni 2008

Peroni, A.; Gisondi, P.; Zanoni, M.; Girolomoni, G.. Balneotherapy for chronic plaque psoriasis at Comano spa in Trentino, Italy.. *Dermatologic Therapy* 2008;21(SUPPL. 1):S31-S38. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1529-8019.2008.00200.x>]

Pinton 1995

Pinton, J.; Friden, H.; Kettaneh-Wold, N.; Wold, S.; Dreno, B.; Richard, A.; Bieber, T.. Clinical and biological effects of balneotherapy with selenium-rich spa water in patients with psoriasis vulgaris [13].. *British Journal of Dermatology* 1995;133(2):344-347. [DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2133.1995.tb02657.x>]

Schewach Millet 1989

Schewach-Millet M; Feinstein A; Trau H; Abel EA; Cox AJ. Histologic studies in psoriatic patients treated at the Dead Sea: comparison with photochemotherapy.. *Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology* 1989;20(3):502-503. [DOI:]

Schiener 2006

Schiener, A.; Brockow, T.; Weimer, M.; Hochdorfer, B.; Freitag, L.; Salzer, B.; Resch, E.; Peter, R. U.. Balneo-phototherapy. Superiority can no longer be denied.. *Journal of Plastic Dermatology* 2006;2(2):39-41. [DOI:]

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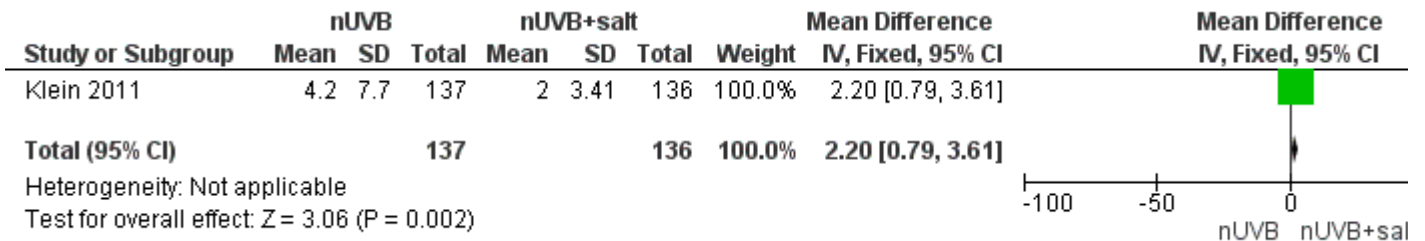
Studies awaiting classification**Ongoing studies****Other references****Additional references****Other published versions of this review****Data and analyses****3 Control vs Intervention 2**

Outcome or Subgroup	Studies	Participants	Statistical Method	Effect Estimate
3.6 PASI75	2	84	Risk Ratio (M-H, Random, 95% CI)	0.25 [0.13, 0.46]
3.7 PASI score end of treatment	1	356	Mean Difference (IV, Fixed, 95% CI)	6.40 [4.60, 8.20]

3.8 PASI score 6 mdr. follow-up	1	273	Mean Difference (IV, Fixed, 95% CI)	2.20 [0.79, 3.61]
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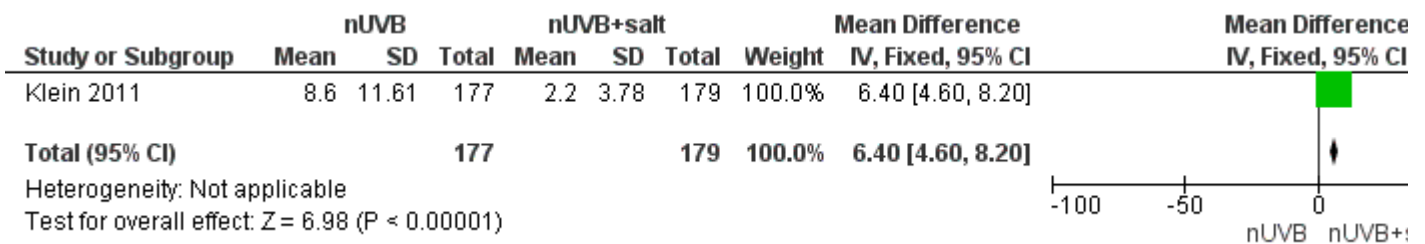
Figures

Figure 1 (Analysis 3.8)



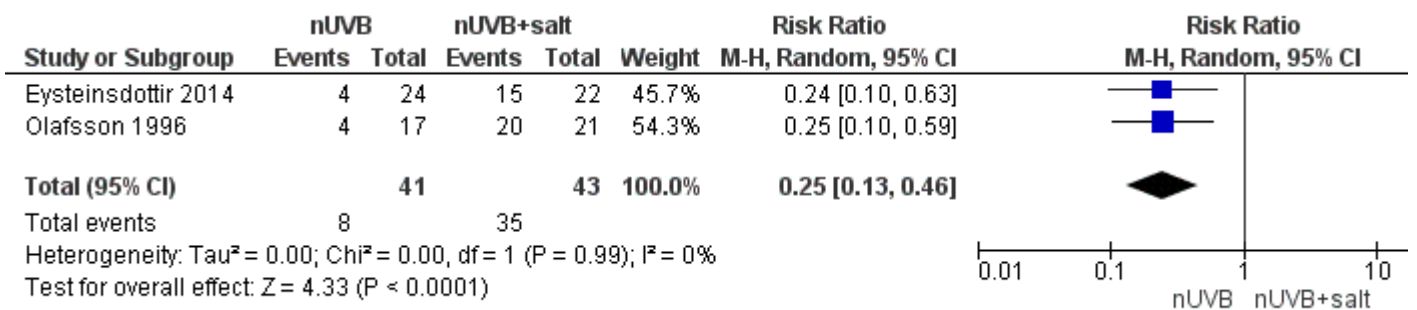
Forest plot of comparison: 3 Control vs Intervention 2, outcome: 3.8 PASI score 6 mdr. follow-up.

Figure 2 (Analysis 3.7)



Forest plot of comparison: 3 Control vs Intervention 2, outcome: 3.7 PASI score end of treatment.

Figure 3 (Analysis 3.6)



Forest plot of comparison: 3 Control vs Intervention 2, outcome: 3.6 PASI75.

Appendices